Table 9. Number of new cases of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry and category of illness, 2001

Indiana

1	(In	thousands	١

(In thousands)	1								
			_	Numl	ber of illnes	sses by cat	egory	_	
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the lungs	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa- tional illnesses
All Industries including State and local government <sup>3</sup>		12.2	2.2	(4)	0.5	0.2	0.9	7.2	1.3
Private Industry <sup>3</sup>		11.2	1.8	( <sup>4</sup> )	0.4	0.2	0.8	7.0	1.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>3</sup>		(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Agricultural production <sup>3</sup> Agricultural production-crops <sup>3</sup> Agricultural services	01-02 01 07	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )
Mining⁵		(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Construction			0.2	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)		(4)
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	(4)	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.2	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )
Manufacturing		7.9	1.2	(4)	0.2	0.1		5.8	0.4
Durable goods		5.4	0.6	(4)	0.2	0.1		4.0	0.3
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.6 0.6 0.9 0.5  0.4	(4) (4) 0.1 (4) 0.2 (4) 	(4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.4 0.6 0.4  0.4	( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.1
Nondurable goods		2.5	0.5	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1.8	0.1
Food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 23 26 27 28 29 30	0.1  0.3 0.3 ( <sup>4</sup> )	( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.1	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	0.7 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 0.7	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>				(4)					
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 48 49			(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Number of new cases of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry and category of illness, 2001 -- Continued

Indiana

(In thousands) Number of illnesses by category Respira-Disorders tory SIC Skin Dust Disorders associ-All other condi-Industry1 Total diseases diseases due to ated occupacode<sup>2</sup> Poisoning tions of the physical with tional cases or due disorders lungs agents repeated illnesses to toxic trauma agents (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) 0.5 Wholesale and retail trade 0.7 (4) (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) Wholesale trade (4) (<sup>4</sup>) 0.2 0.1 (4) (4) Wholesale trade--durable goods (4) (4) (4) (4) 50 0.1 0.1 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Wholesale trade--nondurable goods 51 (4) (4) Retail trade (<sup>4</sup>) 0.5 0.4 (4) Building materials and garden supplies 52 53 (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) General merchandise stores (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) (4) (4) 0.1 Food stores 54 0.1 (4) (4) Automotive dealers and service stations 55 (4) (4) (4) (4) Apparel and accessory stores 56 Furniture and homefurnishings stores ( <sup>4</sup> ) (<sup>4</sup>) (4) 57 (4) (4) (4) (4) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) (4) (4) (4) (4) Eating and drinking places 58 (4) (4) (4) (4) Miscellaneous retail 59 0.2 0.2 (4) (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) (<sup>4</sup>) Finance, insurance, and real estate 0.3 (<sup>4</sup>) 0.2 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Depository institutions 60 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Nondepository institutions 61 (4) Insurance carriers 63 0.1 (4) (4) (4) (4) 0.1 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Real estate 65 (4) (4) (4) 0.5 **Services** 1.8 0.4 0.1 0.5 0.4

(4) 75 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Auto repair, services, and parking (4) (4) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) (4) (4) 76 Miscellaneous repair services (4) (4) (4) (4) 79 Amusement and recreation services (4) (4) (4) 80 Health services 1.3 0.2 0.4 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Educational services 82 0.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) (4) Social services 83 0.1 0.1 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) Engineering and management services 87 State and local government 1.0 0.4 (4) 0.1 (4) 0.1 0.2

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1

0.2

(4)

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0.1

0.1

(4)

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(<sup>4</sup>)

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(4)

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(4)

(<sup>4</sup>)

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(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

(4)

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.2

0.1

70

72

73

82

State government

Services

Educational services

Hotels and other lodging places

Personal services

**Business services** 

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Number of new cases of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry and category of illness, 2001 -- Continued

Indiana

(In thousands)

(in thousands)	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	Number of illnesses by category								
Industry¹		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the	Respira- tory	Poisoning	Disorders	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupational illnesses	
Local government		0.6	0.3	(4)	0.1	(4)	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Services		0.1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	
Educational services	82	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	
Public administration		0.5	0.3	(4)	0.1	(4)	(4)	(4)	0.1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Incidence rate less than 0.05.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.